Energy Efficiency Leading Economic Recovery

Making Home Energy Ratings Work for Multi-Family Dwellings

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Multi-Family Market Characteristics

- One-third of Californians live in multi-family
 - One-third qualify as low income
 - Low income: utilities comprise up to 25% of income
 - Average income: utilities comprise about 5% of income
- Traditionally underserved by whole-building or comprehensive programs
 - Multi-family buildings falls between the IOU program cracks
 - Complex nature (hybrid building type, building characteristics, ownership and financing structures)
 - Different (from single-family) program needs, models, level of expertise
 - CPUC direction/stimulus funding for 'residential' whole-building programs primarily interpreted as single-family (homeowners)



Multi-Family Market Opportunities

- Vintage of building stock
 - Over 3.5 million multi-family dwelling units in CA
 - Over half built before energy code
 - Even up to 2005 (loopholes for MF closed) code buildings ripe
- Transaction costs and energy savings
 - Single-family savings ≈ 2,000 kWh/home
 - Multi-family savings ≈ 650kWh/dwelling unit 100 dwelling units at a time = 65,000kWh per participant
 - Lower administrative and transaction costs/dwelling



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Whole-Building Program History

- Whole-building program Designed for Comfort (2002-2008 - funded for this cycle but dropped)
- No multi-family existing building infrastructure
 - Shoe-horned into new construction framework
 - Title 24 software 2 runs baseline and 20% improvement
 - Heating, cooling, and water heating only
 - Utilized HERS raters and energy consultants to conduct audits, analysis and verification



Existing Building Focus

- CPUC direction and stimulus funding for residential whole-building programs primarily interpreted as singlefamily (homeowners)
- Multi-family either not addressed or in phase 2
- Some stimulus funding for multi-family programs (San Diego, Bay Area, SMUD, Los Angeles)
- HERS II developed for single-family
 - Need to develop HERS II for multi-family
- Home Energy Retrofit Coordinating Committee (HERCC) convened for multi-family
 - Create standards, consistency, and collaboration among multifamily programs



HERCC for Multi-Family Charter

HERCC developed HERS II for multi-family

Identified gaps

- Central systems (CDHW, HVAC)
- Whole building sampling and data collection
- Aggregated billing data for individually metered buildings
- High-rise multi-family applicability
- Renewable energy evaluation

Developed solutions

- Developed audit and verification protocols
- Minimum qualifications (limited expertise in multifamily)
- Training for HERS raters for HERS II multi-family
- Piloting HERS II proxy for multi-family high-rise



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First Multi-Family Training

- HERCC Training End of 2010
 - Current
 - Residential Title 24 measures
 - Energy modeling
 - Utility data analysis
 - HVAC systems and verification of balancing
 - Additional modules for multi-family
 - Central systems (CDHW, HVAC)
 - Whole building sampling and data collection
 - Renewable energy evaluation
 - Additional training (to be addressed)
 - High-Rise Multi-Family
 - Whole property to include common area



HERS II for Multi-Family

- Long-overdue tool and training specific to existing multifamily whole building
- Provides a mechanism for:
 - Building owners to assess their properties
 - On a consistent and widely used scale
 - Identify poorly performing buildings
 - Establish energy efficiency investment priorities for both properties and measure loading order
 - Improved ongoing energy management
 - Quality assurance and consistency among building assessment
 - Tenants to compare ratings among apartments and make the best selection according to their budget



HERS II for Multi-Family

- Property sales and rentals
 - Building owners and tenants to promote and compare energy ratings
- Financing
 - Potential tool to identify financeable energy savings
- PV Feasibility
 - Avoids tendency to jump to PV prior to energy efficiency



Intent: HERS II for Multi-Family

SMUD/San Diego Multi-Family Programs:

- Whole-building, performance-based with HERS II rater incentives
- Create jobs by employing the "consultant" model based on certified HERS II raters
- Coordinate with HERCC Multi-Family for consistency in HERS II implementation
- Adhere to rigorous audit, analysis and verification protocols consistent with HERS II and HERCC recommendations
- Build capacity through HERS II training to ensure program quality and sustainability
- Provide HERS II rater orientation and support throughout the analysis, upgrade, and verification process to ensure the participant has all resources needed to reach completion and develop expertise



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HERS II Issues

- Plan B: Interim process if necessary
 - Two building simulation runs representing existing conditions and proposed
 - Side calculation for appliances and lighting
- Billing data from individually-metered buildings
 - Utilities cannot aggregate billing data by property address due to confidentiality issues
 - ABS not set up for residential
 - Building owner options are to:
 - Collect billing data from a representative sample of units
 - Get authorization from each tenant
 - Collect 12 months of billing data for each tenant
 - Aggregate, extrapolate, and enter into HERS II tool



Thank you

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